**Tribunate [100 members]**

* Sits for 5 years
* Proposes laws in the name of the people
* Recommends laws

**Legislative Body [300 members]**

* Sits for 5 years
* Votes on proposed laws silently

Selected from

Proposes laws

Sends 3 members

to discuss proposals

Selected from

Proposes laws

Sends 3 members

to discuss proposals

For life

For life

For life

Selected from

Selected from

Selected from

Selected from

Selected from

Prefects

Councils of Departments

Mayors

Councils of Arondissements

Appoints

Elects 1/10 of

Elects 1/10 of

Elects 1/10 of

Selected from

Appoints and absorbs

**Grand Elector**

* Appointed for life
* Selects two consuls
* Head of state

Appoints

Appoints

Appoints and dismisses

Appoints and dismisses

**Consul of the Exterior**

* Serves at pleasure of the Grand Elector
* Selects external ministers
* Commander-in-chief

**Consul of the Interior**

* Serves at pleasure of Grand Elector
* Selects internal ministers
* Conducts public affairs

**Tribunal of Cassation**

**Court of Appeal**

**Tribunal of First Instance**

**Council of State [50 members]**

* Proposes laws in the name of the government
* Makes regulations on how laws will be executed

**Ministers of:**

* The Interior
* Justice
* The Treasury
* Police

**Ministers of:**

* Foreign Affairs
* War
* Navy and Colonies

**Conservative Senate [100 members]**

* Serve for life
* Annuls unconstitutional laws
* Head of state
* Names members of the tribunate, legislative body, and tribunal of cassation
* Right of absorption – Can coopt any citizen regardless of their will, an action which thanks to separation of powers strips them of any other position in government

Citizens whose names are in the “civic register” [5-6 million] [yearly]

Appoints and dismisses

National list of notability [5-6 thousand] [yearly]

Communal list of notability [5-6 hundred thousand] [yearly]

Departmental list of notability [50-60 thousand] [yearly]

Appoints and dismisses